
**Information technology — Object
oriented BioAPI —**

**Part 2:
Java implementation**

*Technologies de l'information — Objet orienté BioAPI —
Partie 2: Mise en oeuvre Java*





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Contents

Page

Foreword	vi
Introduction	vii
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	1
3 Terms and definitions	1
4 BioAPI Java package structure	1
4.1 Overall structure	1
4.2 Package org.bioapi	1
4.2.1 Package description	1
4.2.2 Structure	2
4.3 Package org.bioapi.data	2
4.3.1 Package description	2
4.3.2 Structure	2
5 Data types and constants	2
5.1 Class ACBioParameters	2
5.1.1 Description	2
5.1.2 Method summary	2
5.2 Class BFPListElement	3
5.2.1 Description	3
5.2.2 Method summary	3
5.3 Class BFPSchema	3
5.3.1 Description	3
5.3.2 Method summary	3
5.4 Class BIR	5
5.4.1 Description	5
5.4.2 Method summary	5
5.5 Class BSPSchema	11
5.5.1 Description	11
5.5.2 Method Summary	11
5.6 Class Candidate	14
5.6.1 Description	14
5.6.2 Method summary	14
5.7 Class DataTypes	15
5.7.1 Description	15
5.7.2 Enumerations	15
5.8 Class Date	22
5.8.1 Description	22
5.8.2 Method summary	22
5.9 Class FrameworkSchema	25
5.9.1 Description	25
5.9.2 Method summary	25
5.10 Class GUIBitmap	26
5.10.1 Description	26
5.10.2 Method summary	26
5.11 Class IdentifyPopulation	27
5.11.1 Description	27
5.11.2 Method summary	27
5.12 Class PopulationMember	28
5.12.1 Description	28
5.12.2 Method summary	28
5.13 Class RegistryID	28
5.13.1 Description	28

	5.13.2	Method summary	28
5.14		Class SecurityProfileType	29
	5.14.1	Description	29
	5.14.2	Method summary	29
5.15		Class UnitList	30
	5.15.1	Description	30
	5.15.2	Method summary	30
5.16		Class UnitListElement	31
	5.16.1	Description	31
	5.16.2	Method summary	31
5.17		Class UnitSchema	31
	5.17.1	Description	31
	5.17.2	Method summary	31
5.18		Class UUID	34
	5.18.1	Description	34
6		Object oriented interfaces for supporting BioAPI_Units	34
6.1		General	34
6.2		Interface archive	34
	6.2.1	Description	34
	6.2.2	Method summary	34
6.3		Interface comparison	38
	6.3.1	Description	38
	6.3.2	Method summary	39
6.4		Interface processing	41
	6.4.1	Description	41
	6.4.2	Method summary	41
6.5		Interface sensor	43
	6.5.1	Description	43
	6.5.2	Method summary	43
7		BFP level	44
7.1		Interface BFP	44
	7.1.1	Description	44
	7.1.2	Imported interfaces	44
	7.1.3	Method summary	44
8		BSP level	47
8.1		Interface BSP	47
	8.1.1	Description	47
	8.1.2	Imported interfaces	47
	8.1.3	Method summary	47
9		Framework level	56
9.1		Interface ComponentRegistry	56
	9.1.1	Description	56
	9.1.2	Method summary	56
9.2		Interface framework	57
	9.2.1	Description	57
	9.2.2	Inherited interfaces	57
	9.2.3	Method summary	58
10		Application interaction	62
10.1		class BioAPIException extends Exception	62
	10.1.1	Description	62
	10.1.2	Constructor summary	62
	10.1.3	Method Summary	63
10.2		GUI callback functions	63
	10.2.1	Description	63
	10.2.2	Callback interface specification	64

11	BSP Interaction	68
11.1	Interface BSPEventListener	68
11.1.1	Method summary	68
12	BFP Interaction	68
12.1	Interface BFPEnumerationListener	68
12.1.1	Method summary	68
12.2	Interface BFPEventListener	68
12.2.1	Method summary	68
12.3	Interface BFPGUIProgressEventListener	69
12.3.1	Method summary	69
Annex A	(informative) Java requirements	70
Annex B	(informative) Calling sequence examples and sample code	71
Bibliography		72

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 37, *Biometrics*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/IEC 30106-2:2016), which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- correction of typing errors;
- addition of AnalyseQuality method.

A list of all parts in the ISO/IEC 30106 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

This document specifies an application programming interface expressed in Java language. Java is intended to be a simple, general-purpose, object-oriented programming language that is aimed at enabling programmers to quickly build a wide range of applications for multiple platforms.

This Java implementation allows an easy use of Java BSPs, Java-based application servers or Java applets. It is therefore the best way to write desktop and web applications/services. This document provides an advanced and well-designed remote framework.

Although the best practices of Java programming state that variables should be written in lowercase letters, in the case of symbols, such as BSP or BFPs, they have been retained in uppercase letters.

Information technology — Object oriented BioAPI —

Part 2: Java implementation

1 Scope

This document specifies an interface of a BioAPI Java framework and BioAPI Java BSP, which will mirror the corresponding components, specified in ISO/IEC 30106-1. The semantic equivalent of ISO/IEC 30106-1 is maintained in this document.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 10646, *Information technology — Universal Coded Character Set (UCS)*

ISO/IEC 30106-1, *Information technology — Object oriented BioAPI — Part 1: Architecture*